



Suggested Formula	Epinephrine 1 mg/mL Injection (Solution, 100 mL)	FIN	F 002 207v3
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### SUGGESTED FORMULATION

Ingredient Listing	Qty.	Unit	NDC #	Supplier	Lot Number	Expiry Date
Epinephrine, USP	0.100	g				
Sodium Metabisulfite, NF	0.17	g				
Sodium Chloride, USP	0.58	g				
Benzyl Alcohol (Parenteral Application), NF	1.0	mL				
Sterile Water for Injection, USP	80.0	mL				
Sterile Water for Injection, USP	q.s. to 100.0	mL				
Hydrochloric Acid 5% Solution	As required					

### SPECIAL PREPARATORY CONSIDERATIONS

#### Ingredient-Specific Information

**Light Sensitive** (protect from light whenever possible):

*Epinephrine, Sodium Metabisulfite, Benzyl Alcohol*

**Air Sensitive** (protect from air whenever possible):

*Epinephrine, Sodium Metabisulfite*

**Moisture Sensitive** (protect from humidity whenever possible):

*Sodium Metabisulfite*



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### SPECIAL PREPARATORY CONSIDERATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Suggested Preparatory Guidelines

Non-Sterile Preparation     Sterile Preparation

Processing Error / Testing Considerations: To account for processing error, pH testing, sterility and endotoxin testing considerations during preparation, it is suggested to measure an additional **5 to 9%** of the required quantities of ingredients.

Special Instruction: This formula may contain one or more Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) that may be classified as hazardous, please refer & verify the current NIOSH list of Antineoplastic and Other Hazardous Drugs in Healthcare Settings. At this time, **General Chapter <800> Hazardous Drugs – Handling in Healthcare Settings** is informational and not compendially applicable unless otherwise specified by regulators and enforcement bodies. For information on the scope, intended applicability, and implementation context for USP General Chapter <800>, see: <https://www.usp.org/compounding/general-chapter-hazardous-drugs-handling-healthcare>.

This formula must be prepared within the appropriate facilities under adequate environmental conditions, following the necessary guidelines and procedures as stated within *USP 797* and *USP 800*, when handling hazardous drugs. Only trained and qualified personnel must prepare this formula.

All heat stable, reusable materials and equipment must be sterilized and depyrogenated by dry heat sterilization at 250°C for 2 hours prior to use.

Compounder needs to verify as per USP, if every batch of final product compounded using this procedure must be sterility and endotoxin tested before being dispensed.

All required personal protective equipment (sterile and hazardous if applicable), such as but not limited to, gowns, aprons, sleeves, gloves both inner and outer if applicable, shoe covers, hairnet, head cap, beard cover, eyewear, appropriate face mask, respirator and face shield, etc., where applicable must be worn at all times. In addition, proper personnel cleansing must be done before entering the buffer or clean area.

If applicable, follow all required procedures for hazardous drug handling including but not limited to procurement, transport, storage, preparation, dispensing, administration, clean up (spills) & disposal.

Filter integrity must be validated by performing a filter stress test. If the test demonstrates that the filter might be defective, the solution must be discarded and remade.

If you are a registered 503B facility, please refer to all relevant guidance documents including but not limited to the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Guidance for Industry (GFI) and Compliance Policy Guides (CPGs).

This procedure requires the use of very small quantities of ingredients. All calculations and preparation techniques must be verified before dispensing the final product.



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**SUGGESTED PREPARATION (for 100 mL)**

Weigh and / or measure the following ingredients when appropriate:

Ingredient Listing	Qty.	Unit	Multiplication factor (*): _____	Processing Error	Qty. to measure
Epinephrine, USP §	0.100	g			
Sodium Metabisulfite, NF §	0.17	g			
Sodium Chloride, USP §	0.58	g			
Benzyl Alcohol (Parenteral Application), NF §	1.0	mL			
Sterile Water for Injection, USP §	80.0	mL			
Sterile Water for Injection, USP§	q.s. to 100.0	mL			
Hydrochloric Acid 5% Solution §	As required				

\* Takes into account increased batch size conversions and density conversions, if required.

§ Weigh / measure just prior to use.

Preparatory Instruction

**IMPORTANT: All preparatory procedures must be performed using proper Aseptic Technique**

1.	<b><u>Equipment sterilization:</u></b> Following the manufacturer's specifications, sterilize glass, and heat-resistant plastic and metal equipment, then return to ambient temperature and pressure.
2.	<b><u>Powder preparation:</u></b> A. Combine and triturate the following ingredients together to form a fine, homogeneous powder blend:  -Epinephrine -Sodium Metabisulfite -Sodium Chloride



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3.	<p><b><u>Powder preparation to medium incorporation:</u></b></p> <p>A. Sequentially add the following ingredients to the Sterile Water for Injection (80.0 mL <i>plus</i> processing error adjustments):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>-Benzyl Alcohol (Parenteral Application)</li><li>-Fine, homogeneous powder blend (Step 2A)</li></ul> <p><u>Specifications:</u> Continuously mix until all solid particles have completely dissolved.</p> <p><u>End result:</u> Homogeneous liquid-like solution.</p> <p><u>Note:</u> Add the next ingredient, once the previous one has been completely added and dissolved.</p>
4.	<p><b><u>pH testing:</u></b></p> <p>A. Draw an appropriate amount of the mixture (Step 3A).</p> <p>B. Test the pH of the sample. It should lie between 2.2 and 5.0.</p> <p>C. <u>If the pH &gt; 5.0, carefully add in a dropwise manner the Hydrochloric Acid 5% Solution to the mixture:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Draw and transfer 1 or 2 drops of the Hydrochloric Acid 5% Solution to the mixture.</li><li>2. Stir for at least 5 minutes to evenly disperse the Hydrochloric Acid 5% Solution.</li><li>3. Re-test the pH.</li><li>4. Continue to add the Hydrochloric Acid 5% Solution until the pH of 2.2 to 5.0 is obtained.</li></ol> <p>IMPORTANT: Do not allow the pH to fall below 2.2.</p>
5.	<p><b><u>Filling to volume:</u></b></p> <p>A. Add additional Sterile Water for Injection to the above mixture to fill to the required batch size (100.0 mL <i>plus</i> processing error adjustments).</p> <p><u>Specifications:</u> Continuously mix.</p> <p><u>End result:</u> Homogeneous liquid-like solution.</p>
6.	<p><b><u>Filtering and transferring:</u></b></p> <p>Aseptically filter the solution through a 0.22-<math>\mu</math>m sterile filter into the recommended dispensing container (see Packaging requirements). Transfer the remainder into a separate dispensing container. This is to be used as the Test sample for sterility and endotoxin testing.</p>



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7.	<p><b><u>Filter integrity test:</u></b></p> <p>Validate filter integrity by performing a filter stress test. If the test demonstrates that the filter might be defective, the solution must be discarded and remade.</p>
8.	<p><b><u>Terminal Sterilization:</u></b></p> <p>In relation to the chemical composition of the formulation, final packaging, etc., select and validate an end-stage sterilization method and follow the manufacturer's specification.</p>
9.	<p><b><u>Sterility and Endotoxin testing:</u></b></p> <p>Validate the Test sample for sterility and endotoxins, in accordance to current USP 797 regulatory guidelines.</p>

**SUGGESTED PRESENTATION**

Estimated Beyond-Use Date	24 hours controlled room temperature, 3 days refrigerated, or 45 days frozen, as per USP 797. BUD based on successful endotoxin test result.	Packaging Requirements	Sterile, tightly closed, light-resistant unit-dose injection vials.	
Auxiliary Labels	1	Use as directed. Do not exceed prescribed dose.	6	Discard container after use.
	2	Keep out of reach of children.	7	Equilibrate to room temperature before use.
	3	Do not use if discolored.	8	Do not use if a precipitate forms.
	4	Protect from light.	9	Keep at controlled room temperature, (20°C – 25°C), refrigerated (2°C – 8°C) or frozen (-25°C to -10°C).
	5	Consult your health care practitioner if any prescription or over-the-counter medications are currently being used or are prescribed for future use.		
Pharmacist Instructions	Add any auxiliary labels specific to the API to the dispensing container as deemed necessary.			
Patient Instructions	Contact your pharmacist in the event of adverse reactions.			



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## REFERENCES

1.	USP <797> Pharmaceutical Compounding – Sterile Preparations. US Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. <i>United States Pharmacopeia XXVIII / National Formulary 23</i> . Rockville, MD. 2004: 2461.
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3.	Epipen. In: Canadian Pharmacists Association. <i>Compendium of Pharmacists and Specialties, 2006</i> . 768.
4.	Sodium Metabisulfite. In: Rowe RC. <i>Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition</i> . American Pharmaceutical Association; 2003: 571.
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7.	Epinephrine (Monograph). In: O’Neil MJ. <i>The Merck Index 13<sup>th</sup> Edition</i> . Whitehouse Station, NJ: Merck & Co, Inc.; 2001: 641.
8.	Epinephrine. In: Trissel LA. <i>Trissel’s Stability of Compounded Formulations, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition</i> . American Pharmaceutical Association; 2005: 159.
9.	Epinephrine (Monograph). <i>United States Pharmacopeia XXVIII / National Formulary 23</i> . Rockville, MD. US Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. 2004: 739.
10.	Epinephrine Injection. <i>United States Pharmacopeia XXVIII / National Formulary 23</i> . Rockville, MD. US Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. 2004: 740.

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